You means a person or entity on Reclamation facilities, lands, or waterbodies.

[71 FR 19794, Apr. 17, 2006, as amended at 73 FR 54980, Sept. 24, 2008]

§ 423.3 When does this part apply?

- (a) This part and all applicable Federal, State, and local laws apply to all persons on Reclamation facilities, lands, and waterbodies, with the following exceptions:
- (1) Certain exceptions apply to Federal, state, local, and contract employees, as further addressed in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (2) Certain exceptions apply to non-Federal entities, as further addressed in paragraph (c) of this section;
- (3) Certain exceptions apply on Reclamation facilities, lands, and waterbodies administered by other Federal agencies, as further addressed in paragraph (d) of this section; and
- (4) Certain exceptions apply on Reclamation facilities, lands, and waterbodies subject to treaties and Federal laws concerning tribes and Indians, as further addressed in paragraph (e) of this section.
 - (b) This part does not apply to:
- (1) Federal, state, and local law enforcement, fire, and rescue personnel in the performance of their official duties on Reclamation facilities, lands, and waterbodies;
- (2) An employee or agent of the Federal, State, or local government when the employee or agent is carrying out official duties; or
- (3) An employee or agent of an entity that has entered into a contract or agreement with Reclamation to administer, operate, maintain, patrol, or provide security for Reclamation facilities, lands, and waterbodies, when the employee or agent is working within the scope of the defined activities described in the contract or agreement.
- (c) If a non-Federal entity has assumed responsibility for operating, maintaining, or managing Reclamation facilities, lands, or waterbodies through a contract or other written agreement, public conduct in and on those Reclamation facilities, lands, and waterbodies will be regulated by this part 423 as well as any regulations established by the entity, the terms of

the entity's contract with Reclamation, and applicable Federal, state, and local law.

- (d) Public conduct on Reclamation facilities, lands, and waterbodies administered by other Federal agencies under statute or other authority will be governed by the regulations of those agencies rather than this part 423. However, Reclamation retains the authority to take necessary actions to safeguard the security and safety of the public and such Reclamation facilities, lands and waterbodies.
- (e) This part applies on all Reclamation facilities, lands, and waterbodies that are subject to Treaties with, and Federal laws concerning the rights of, federally recognized Tribes, and individual Indians who are members thereof, to the extent that this part is consistent with those Treaties and Federal laws.
- (f) This part 423 and other Federal laws will govern over any conflicting regulations of a non-Federal entity.

[71 FR 19794, Apr. 17, 2006, as amended at 72 FR 31756, June 8, 2007; 73 FR 54980, Sept. 24, 2008]

Subpart B—Areas Open and Closed to Public Use

§ 423.10 What areas are open to public use?

All Reclamation facilities, lands, and waterbodies are open to lawful use by the public unless they are closed to public use under this subpart B of this part 423, or as provided by 43 CFR part 420, Off-Road Vehicle Use.

§ 423.11 What areas are closed to public use?

The following Reclamation facilities, lands, and waterbodies, or portions thereof, are closed to public use:

- (a) Those that were closed to public use as of April 17, 2006, as evidenced by fencing, gates, barriers, locked doors, road closures, signage, posting of notices, or other reasonably obvious means, as provided in § 423.14;
- (b) Those that are closed after April 17, 2006 under § 423.12;
- (c) Those that are closed periodically and regularly under §423.13; and

§ 423.12

(d) Those that are closed to off-road vehicle use pursuant to 43 CFR part 420.

§ 423.12 How will Reclamation notify the public of additional closed areas?

- (a) Non-emergency situations. In non-emergency situations, an authorized official must provide 30 days advance public notice before closing all or portions of Reclamation facilities, lands, or waterbodies. The notice must include publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the locale of the Reclamation facilities, lands, or waterbodies to be closed. Non-emergency situations covered by this section include:
- (1) Protection and security of Reclamation facilities and of Reclamation's employees and agents;
- (2) Protection of public health and safety, cultural resources, natural resources, scenic values, or scientific research activities:
- (3) Safe and efficient operation and maintenance of Reclamation projects;
- (4) Reduction or avoidance of conflicts among visitor use activities;
 - (5) National security; or
- (6) Other reasons in the public interest.
- (b) Emergency situations. In emergency situations where delay would result in significant and immediate risks to public safety, security, or other public concerns, an authorized official may close all or portions of Reclamation facilities, lands, or waterbodies without advance public notice.

§ 423.13 How will Reclamation establish periodic and regular closures?

Reclamation facilities, lands, or waterbodies that are closed periodically and regularly, regardless of the date of the initial closure, must be noticed as provided in §423.12(a) only once, and at any time the schedule of closure is changed.

§ 423.14 How will Reclamation post and delineate closed areas at the site of the closure?

Before or at the time of closing all or portions of Reclamation facilities, lands, or waterbodies to public use, the

- responsible authorized official must indicate the closure by:
- (a) Locked doors, fencing, gates, or other barriers;
- (b) Posted signs and notices at conspicuous locations, such as at normal points of entry and at reasonable intervals along the boundary of the closed area; or
- (c) Other reasonably obvious means including, but not limited to, onsite personal contact with a uniformed official.

§ 423.15 How will Reclamation document closures or reopenings?

- (a) The authorized official must document the reason(s) for establishing any closure or reopening that occurs after April 17, 2006. The official must do this before the closure or reopening, except in the situations described in \$423.12(b). In such situations, the authorized official must complete the documentation as soon as practicable.
- (b) Documentation of a closure must cite one or more of the conditions for closure described in § 423.12 of this part.
- (c) Documentation of closures or reopenings will be available to the public upon request, except when the release of this documentation could result in a breach of national security or the security of Reclamation facilities.

§ 423.16 Who can be exempted from closures?

- (a) You may be exempted from a closure, subject to any terms and conditions established under paragraph (c) of this section, by written authorization from the authorized official who effected or who is responsible for the closure, if you are:
- (1) A person with a license or concession agreement that requires you to have access to the closed Reclamation facilities, lands, or waterbodies;
- (2) An owner or lessee of real property, resident, or business in the vicinity of closed Reclamation facilities, lands, or waterbodies who cannot reasonably gain access to your property, residence, or place of business without entering and crossing such closed Reclamation facilities, lands, or waterbodies; or
- (3) A holder of a permit granting you an exemption from the closure issued